

**Session 2.5**  
**Clinical Track**

**Abstract Title:**

Nursing Diagnoses in Patients having Mechanical Ventilation Support in a Respiratory Intensive Care Unit in Turkey

**Presenter:**

Şebnem Çınar

**Intended Audience:**

Clinicians

**Area of Focus:**

Use in Practice

**Research Format:**

For Research Reports

**PURPOSE:** Mechanical ventilation is indicated for numerous clinical and physiological reasons. The care of the mechanically ventilated patient is at the core of a nurse's clinical practice in the Intensive Care Unit. This investigation has been carried in a descriptive study, to find out the nursing diagnoses in patients having mechanical ventilation support in a respiratory intensive care unit.

**METHODS:** This research will be conducted in a respiratory intensive care unit between November 01, 2007 and December 31, 2007 in Turkey. NANDA Taxonomy II (Gordon's Functional Health Patterns) will be used to evaluate nursing diagnoses. The research will be conducted consistent with ethical principles. The number and percentage distribution of nursing diagnoses will be given.

**DISCUSSION:** It was believed that nurses who care for patients having mechanical ventilation support in respiratory intensive care unit can provide care of these patients with higher quality through use of nursing diagnoses.

**Citations:**

Carpenito LJ - Translation: Erdemir F (1999). Handbook of Nursing Diagnosis. Nobel Tıp kitabevleri.

Carpenito LJ (2004). Handbook of nursing diagnosis. 10th Edition. Lippinott Williams & Wilkins.

Couchmana BA, Wetzig SM, Coyer FM, Wheeler MK (2007). Nursing care of the mechanically ventilated patient: What does the evidence say? Part one. Intensive and Critical Care Nursing 23, 4-14.

Coyer FM, Wheeler MK, Wetzig SM, Couchman BA (2007). Nursing care of the mechanically ventilated patient: What does the evidence say? Part two. Intensive and Critical Care Nursing 23, 71-80.

de Fátima Lucena A, de Barros AL (2006). Nursing Diagnoses in a Brazilian Intensive Care Unit. International Journal of Nursing Terminologies and Classifications 17 (3), 139-146.